Application #	
Applicant/Owner:	Date:
Addragg	

Plan Review Checklist: Post-Flood Substantially Damaged*

* Use this	checklist for non-residential buildings <u>ONLY</u> if they will be replaced fully elevated above BFE.	
	Review Steps	
FIRM Panel # and	Is the site in the floodplain and/or floodway?	
date	□ NO, floodplain permit not required.	
FLOODWAY Panel #	YES, in mapped floodplain, but elevation data shows natural (not fill) ground elevation above BFE. Advise applicant to obtain Letter Of Map Amendment (LOMA).	
and date	☐ YES, in mapped floodplain without BFEs. Check for existing studies or develop community	
	BFE. Development of five acres or 50 lots or larger: engineering study required to determine BFE and Floodway (DO NOT use this checklist for large projects)	
BFE	☐ YES, in mapped floodplain with BFEs.	
	□ YES, FLOODWAY; no new fill.	
	☐ YES, FLOODWAY; same footprint (no additions).	
	☐ YES, FLOODWAY; new fill or expanded footprint, engineering required (Assure zero rise, no	
	adverse impact before continuing).	
	Site plan or sketch shows location and size of building on the lot (orientation and distance to	
	waterway).	
	☐ YES, continue with review. ☐ NO, return to applicant to revise sketch.	
Ground Elevation	Surveyed ground elevation is required, BFE-LAG = floor height (Prelim. Elevation Certificate). YES, Preliminary Elevation Certificate provided, continue with review.	
Ground Lievation	□ NO., stop review until preliminary Elevation Certificate obtained.	
	What type is the existing building?	
	□ Crawlspace	
	☐ MFH on piers/columns; solid foundation walls	
	□ Slab on grade. □ Basement. Call State NFIP Coordinator for advice on compliance steps.	
	Substantially damaged/substantially improved buildings must be repaired to be compliant with the	
Height of Floor above	flood provisions. How will the existing building/manufactured home be elevated?	
Ground	☐ On piers or columns: extend existing build new	
(BFE – Ground)	☐ On solid foundation walls or crawlspace: extend existing build new	
,	(NOTE on special requirements for enclosures on back).	
	□ Slab on grade on fill.	
	□ Combination fill and other elevation method (describe)	
	Check the following for manufactured homes:	
	□ Installer name Lic.# Contract option	
	specified	
	☐ Engineer approved foundation design? (dry stack block NOT allowed).	
	Ground anchors and tie-downs into permanent foundation shown on plans?	
	Check the following for utility support systems: □ Electrical, mechanical, heating/air conditioning components elevated above BFE?	
	 Septic designed to minimize inflow/discharge under flood conditions? On-site water supply designed to minimize inflow under flood conditions? 	
	□ Above-ground tanks are anchored and elevated above BFE?	
	□ Below-ground tanks are anchored and designed to resist flotation with vents above BFE?	
	Are there enclosed areas below BFE (stairwells, sheds, garages, storage areas, crawl spaces)?	
	□ NO.	
	☐ YES, number, size and location of flood openings are acceptable (see Note on back).	
	☐ YES, plan shows acceptable use (parking, limited storage, and access).	
	☐ YES, flood resistant materials will be used.	
	☐ YES, enclosure is at grade on at least one side (sub-grade on all sides = basement!)	
	Record permit in log of floodplain permits and put all necessary documents in the file.	
	Issue Permit and transfer file to Inspections.	
The state of the		
PERMIT APPLICATION REVIEW COMPLETED BY DATE		

□ ISSUE PERMIT approved by _____ □ DENY PERMIT approved by _____

Permit #	
Permittee/Owner:	
Address:	

Inspection Checklist: Post-Flood Substantially Damaged

Inspector's Initials and Date of Inspection	Inspection Steps	
	Prepare to inspect.	
	REVIEW permit file before going in the field.	
	☐ ASK permit reviewer questions to understand requirements.	
	☐ Are other State and federal permits in the file? (WVDEP, Health Dept. etc.)	
	On-site: Measure distances from waterway or landmark. Is development in the right place on the parcel?	
	☐ YES.	
	□ NO. Advise owner to correct; take enforcement action as appropriate.	
	Is fill too close to waterway?	
	☐ YES. Advise owner to correct; take enforcement action as appropriate.	
	☐ NO. Check fill compaction and side slopes. No basements below BFE in fill.	
	Foundation type as specified in Permit?	
	☐ YES.	
	☐ YES. For Manufactured home units, piers/columns are reinforced, unit anchored.	
	☐ NO. Advise owner to correct; take enforcement action as appropriate.	
	Elevation of lowest floor checked and acceptable? (Elevation Certificate completed?)	
	☐ YES.	
	□ NO. Advise owner, obtain Finished Construction Elevation Certificate, take enforcement action as appropriate.	
	For enclosures below BFE (including crawl spaces): Are flood damage resistant materials used? Is use of enclosure limited to crawl space, parking, building access, or limited storage? Are flood openings acceptable? Basements are not permitted in the floodplain.	
	☐ Building does not have enclosures below BFE.	
	☐ YES, Enclosure properly vented (See Note Below)	
	☐ YES, enclosure is at grade on at least one side (sub-grade on all sides = basement!)	
	☐ NO. Advise owner; take enforcement action as appropriate.	
	Other Notes Based on Inspection:	
	Issue Cartificate of Campliance if final inspection shows all Ordinance requirements met	
FINAL INSPECTION COMP	Issue Certificate of Compliance if final inspection shows all Ordinance requirements met. LETED BY DATE	
TINAL INSPECTION COME	LETED BT DATE	
CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIA	ANCE ISSUED BYDATE	
NOTE on flood openings:	Enclosed areas are underneath buildings that are elevated in the floodplain,	
-	torage areas, and under-building parking areas. The walls of enclosed areas	
	o allow rising floodwater to flow in, and falling floodwater to drain out,	
_	e because of unequal pressure. Use the following to determine flood	
openings:		
☐ The total area of all openings is 1 square inch for each square foot of enclosed area =sq in.		
☐ Flood openings must be on at least two sides of the enclosure, total # openings =		
 □ The bottom of the openings must be no more than 12" above grade. □ The openings can be covered with screen, but must not get blocked by floating debris so that they 		
allow automatic entry/exit of flood water. If screens are to be used, require at least 2 additional openings.		

To winterize the building, gently press Styrofoam into the opening <u>from the inside</u>, so that it will come loose when floodwater rises.